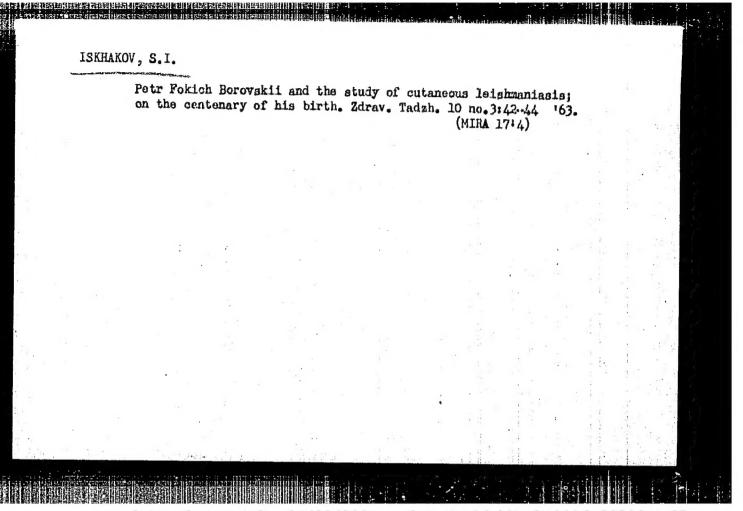


ISKHAKOV, S. I.

Study of epidermophyte disease incidence among the population of Dushanbe and the Vakhsh Valley. Zdrav. Tadzh. 9 no.2:27-28 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Iz kafedry kozhnykh i nevericheskikh bolezney (zav. - doktor med. nauk B. R. Rakhmatov) Dushanbinskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Abuali ibni Sino.

(DUSHANBE—DERMATOMYCOSIS) (VAKHSH VALLEY—DERMATOMYCOSIS)



ANGELEYRO, V.I. (Khar'kov); ZOTKIN, C.V. (Khar'kov); FRDORETS, V.M. (Khar'kov); ISKHAKOV, S.I. (Khar'kov); KRIVENKOV, K.V. (Khar'kov); RYBIN, A.S. (Khar'kov).

New grindstones. Put' i put. khoz. 8 no.11:26-27 '64 (MIRA 18:2)

SHARYGIN, A.I.; PEYSAKH, I.I.; ISKAKOV, S.I.; MITROFANOV, V.N.; SHASTINA, Z.Ya.; SHCHERBAKOV, I.M.; GOMBERG, I.B.

Information. Tekst. prom. 24 no.9:91-97 S '64.

(MTRA 17:11)

1. Direktor Voronezhskoy kordnoy fabriki (for Sharygin). 2. Nachalinik proizvodstvenno-tekhnicheskogo otdela upravleniya legkoy promyshlennosti Soveta narodnogo khozyaystva Moldavskoy SSR (for Peysakh).

3. Nachalinik konstruktorskogo otdela Spetsialinogo konstruktorskogo byuro Yuzhno-Kazakhstanskogo Soveta narodnogo khozyaystva (for Iskakov).

4. Nachalinik konstruktorskogo sektora Spetsialinogo konstruktorskogo byuro Yuzhno-Kazakhstanskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystva (for Mitrofanov).

5. Nachalinik Byuro tekhnicheskoy informatsii Melekesskogo linokombinata (for Shastina).

6. Glavnyy inzh. Khersonskogo khlopchatobumazhnogo kombinata (for Shcherbakov).

7. Nachalinik tekhnicheskogo otdela Khersonskogo khlopchatobumazhnogo kombinata (for Gomberg).

S/137/63/000/001/014/019 A006/A101

AUTHORS:

Pyatakova, L. L., Iskhakov, S. S., Shitov, A. P., Miroshnikova,

K. Ye.

TITLE:

On the mechanism of the effect of some elements upon the properties

of carburized steel

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 1, 1963, 50, abstract 1I283 (In collection: "Novoye v metalloved. i tekhnol. term. obrabotki

stali", Chelyabinsk, 1962, 7 - 23)

TEXT: The authors investigated the Si-Mn steel system containing in \$5: C 0.15 - 0.24, Si 0.30 - 1.30, Mn 1.5 - 2.00 with admixtures of V, Cu, W, B, Ti, Cr and Mo. The steel is intended for the production of gears. The effect of alloying elements upon martensite transformation was studied. M_S is most strongly reduced by Mn and Cr; less by Ni, V, Mo, and is almost not reduced by Si and Cu. Due to alloying with Si (1.0 - 1.3%) it is possible to prevent, during carburizing, oversaturation of the surface C layer and to obtain a necessary depth of the carburized layer at an optimum C content (0.85 - 0.9%). Si-Mn

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On the mechanism of the effect of ...

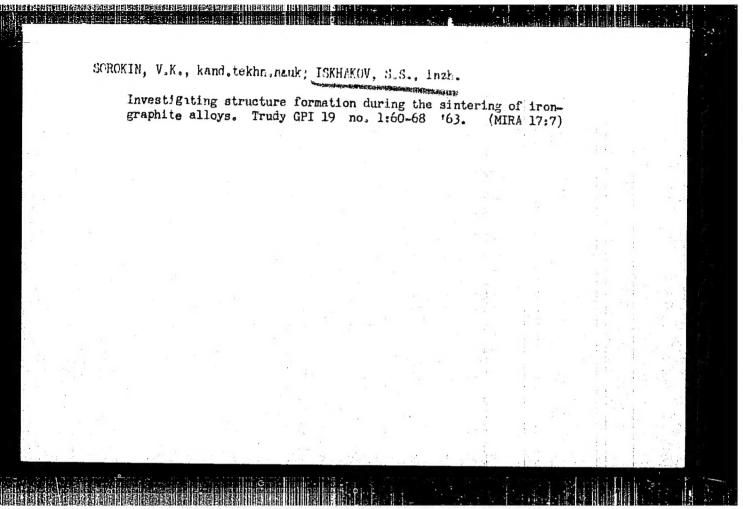
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steels have a martensite transformation temperature as high as 300 to 365°C. Admixtures of Mo, V, Cr (0.5 - 0.7%) or B (0.001 - 0.002%) to Si-Mn steel secure high roasting ability and satisfactory properties on large-size parts, up to 100 mm in diameter. Si-Mn steels have σ_b 132 - 167 kg/mm², σ_s 122 - 145 kg/mm², δ 10 - 15%, ψ 53.5 - 66.6%, ak 10.3 - 13.8 kgm/om²; grain size is 2.9 - 3.2. Additional alloying of the steel with V, Cu and Mo prevents grain growth, strengthens the grain boundaries and increases roasting ability. Alloying affects the failure resistance of the steel due to its increased ductility (in martensite state). Grade 17CF 2 M (17SG2M) steel, developed on the basis of the investigations, offers high fatigue contact and operational strength. The use of this steel instead of 12X2H4 (12Kh2NCh) steel yields savings of about 70 rubles per 1 ton. There are 12 references.

L. Koblikova

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

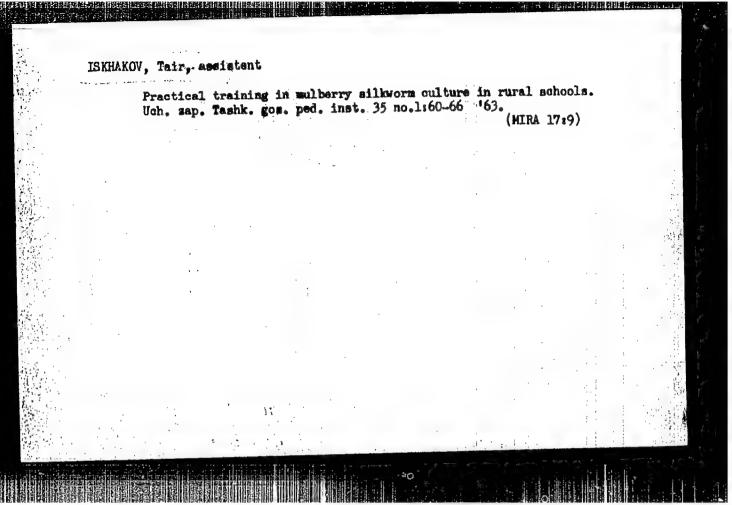
Card 2/2



BIDULYA, P.N.; ISKAKOV, S.S.; KIMOV, V.S.

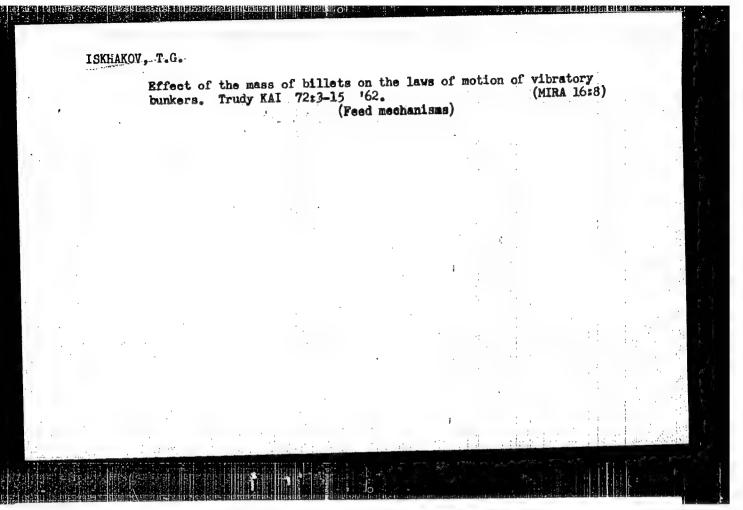
Effect of extrusion parameters on the crystallization of castings pressed out of liquid steel. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 8 no.9:184-186 '65. (MTRA 18:9)

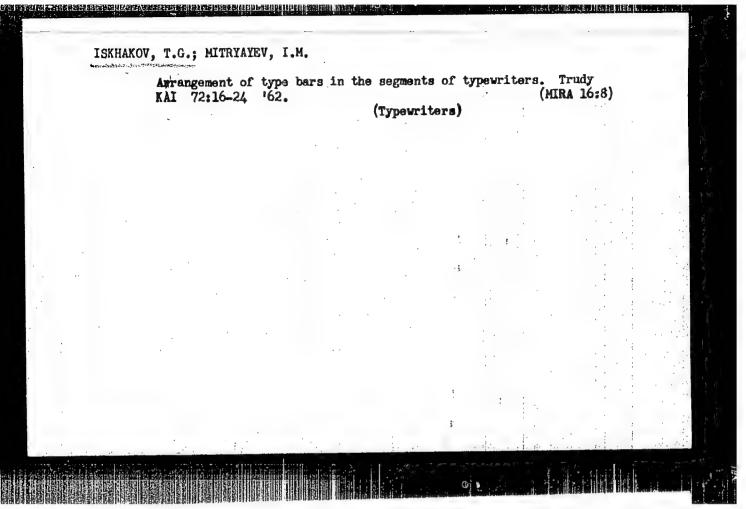
1. Moskovskiy vecherniy metallurgicheskiy institut.



SHINKEVICH, Zinaida Markovna; 15KHAKOV, Tair; LUNEZHEVA, M.S., red.

[Fractical studies at a school experimental and training plot; textbook for students of the 7th grade of Uzbekistan schools] Frakticheskie zaniatiia na shkol'nom uchebno-opytnom uchastke; uchebnoe posobie dlia uchashchikhaia 7-go klassa shkol UzSSR. Izd.4. Tashkent, Sredniaia i vysshaia shkola, 1963. 154 p. (MIRA 17:10)





T, 20796-65 ENT(1)/ENT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/T Pr-1/Ps-1 AEDG(4)/ASD(c)-3 JD/DJ
ACCESSION NR: AR4047539 8/0277/64/000/008/0040/0040

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Mashinostr. mat., konstr. i raschet detal. mash. Old. vy*p... Abs. 8.48.281

AUTHOR: Iskhakov, T.G.

TITLE: The bearing capacity of partially-enclosed aerodynamic bearings (plane problam)

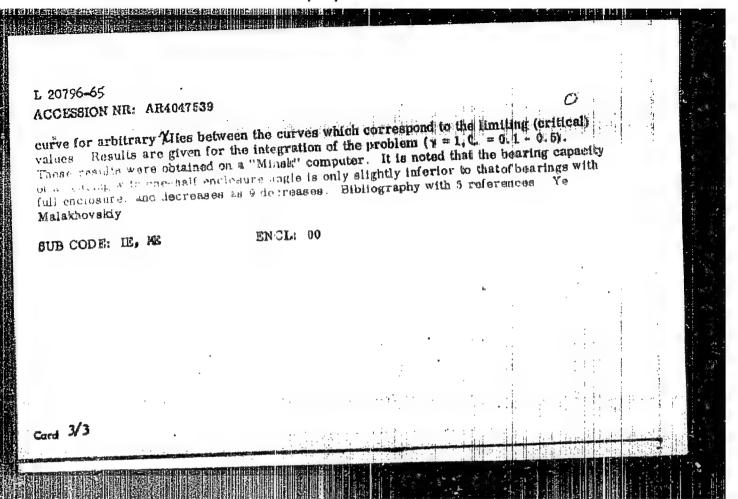
CITED SOURCE: Tr. Kazansk. aviats. in-ta, vy"p. 81, 1963, 44+58

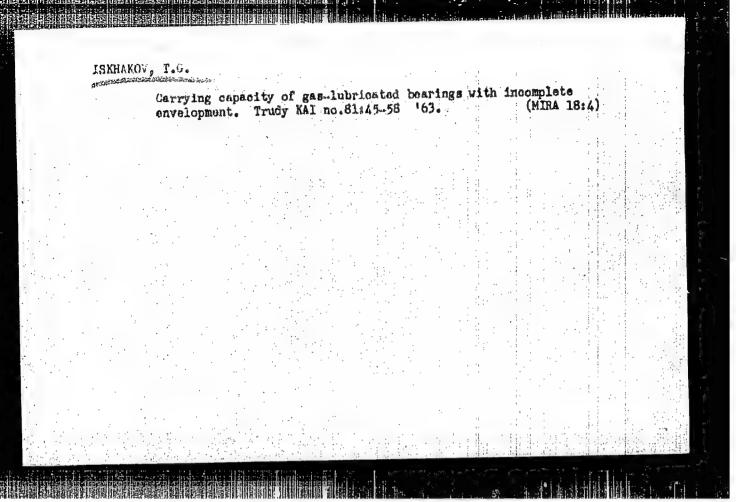
TOPIC TAGS: aerodynamic bearing, bearing capacity, partially enclosed bearing, pressure distribution, bearing friction //

TRANSLATION: Under the normal premises (small clearance, no boundary layer, laminar flow, negligible forces of inertia, isothermic law), the differential equation for the distribution of pressures in an infinitely long bearing is differentiated into two equations for the upper and lower section of the bearing shell. The point is made that in the problem of the partially-enclosed bearing, in addition to the usual (for the completaly-enclosed bearing) parameters (namely \(\infty \) - the relative eccentricity and \(\infty \) is characteristic), two additional parameters are encountered: 29 and \(\infty \) - the enclosure angle and the

Card 1/3

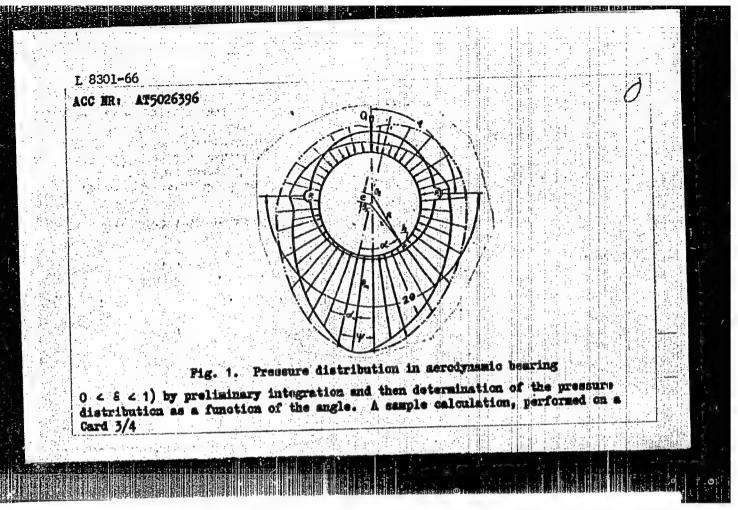
L 20796-65 ACCESSION NR: AR4047539 'oad angle. Two limiting cases are considered for values of 20 = 180° and 1 = 90°. When = \$ (an infinitely great speed of rotation), the basic equation has the integral Pi == const (h = the running free play). From the symmetry of the boundary conditions in this case there follows the symmetry of the pressure distribution pattern. The resultant forces of pressure and friction are found. The fractional forces cause a shift in the journal center from the load line (similar to the shift in a rotating dry friction couple) by the negative angle f = I (angle of eccentricity), which under real limiting conditions does not exceed 25'. When x = 0 (infinitely small rotational speeds), the basic equation coincides with the equation for a liquid lubricant, and is integrated in its final form. As in a completely-anclosed bearing at low rotational speeds, the gas jet does not increase the bearing capacity, the sole difference being that, with partial enclosure, the journal shifts by an angle other than a right angle (a formula is given for the computation of this shift angle). The author points out that in a general case (finite), the integration of the shift angle). the basic equation, which is normally numerical, is a more difficult problem for the partially-enclosed bearing because of the presence of the new parameters. In the numerical integration of the equation, use is made of the fact that the moving equilibrium Card

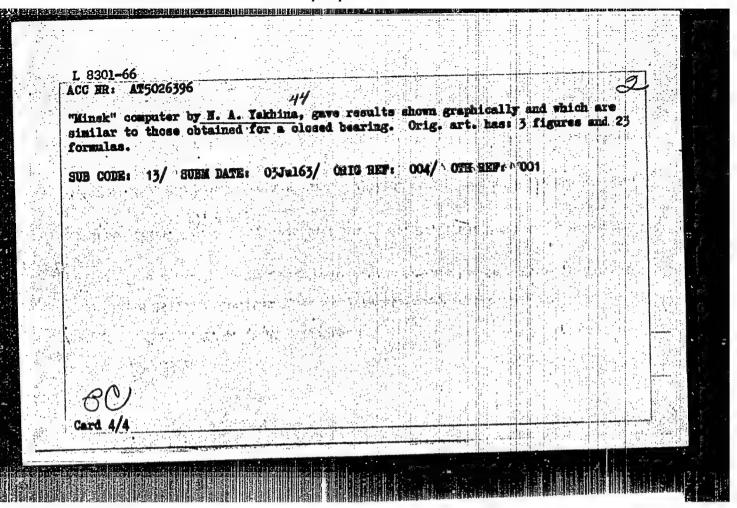


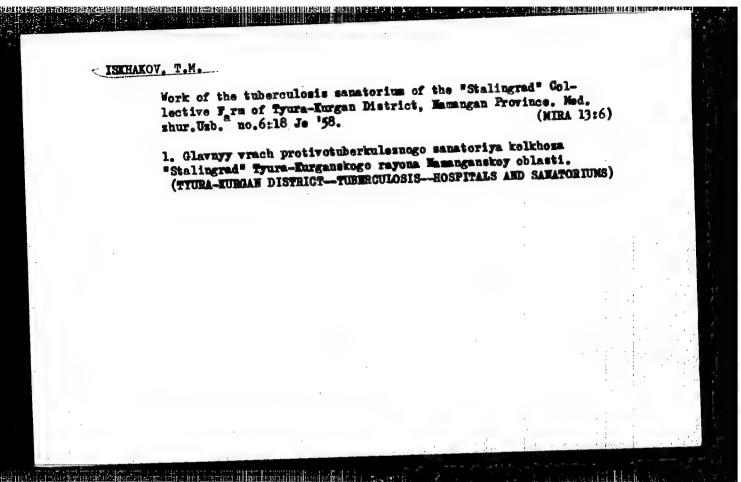


L 8301-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/FCS(f)/T-2/ETC(m) ID/WW/DJ ACU NN: AT5026396 NX SOURCE CODE: UR/2529/63/000/081/0045/0036	
	ř.
ORG: Kazan Aviation Institute (Kazanskiy aviatsionnyy institut)	
TITLE: Load capacity of partially enclosed aerodynamic bearings (two-dimensional case)	*
SOURCE: Kazan. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy, no. 81, 1963. Prikladnaya mekhanika (Applied mechanics), 45-58	
TOPIC TAGS: aerodynamic characteristic, split bearing, bearing load, gas bearing, journal bearing, differential equation, ANTIFRICTION BEARING	
ABSTRACT: Based on the well-known differential equation for the pressure distribution in a closed aerodynamic journal bearing, the differential equations for the upper and lower halves of a split bearing are derived as	
$\frac{ d p_1 }{d a} = 2 \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 - \epsilon \cos a_n & \overline{p_n} & 1 \\ \hline (1 - \epsilon \cos a)^2 & \overline{p} & (1 - \epsilon \cos a)^2 \end{array} \right],$	
Card 1/4 $\frac{dp_{11}}{ds} = \pi \left[\frac{1 + a \cos \alpha_n}{(1 + a \cos \alpha)^2} \frac{\overline{p}_n}{\overline{p}} \frac{1}{(1 + a \cos \alpha)^2} \right]$	
	Ç

L 8301-66 ACC MR: AT5026396 (where minimum pressure in upper half and p, = pressure at separation line; p, corresponding angle). The pressure regimes in a closed and split bearing are shown in Fig. 1, where the boundary conditions for the differential equations are $\overline{\rho_1}$ $(\alpha = x_1) = \overline{\rho_1}$ $(\alpha = x_2) = \overline{\prod} = 1$ and are related to 29 and Y by After restricting the discussion to the case of 20 = 1800, 4 = 900, the behavior of the limiting cases of U - co and U - 0 is evaluated and qualitatively compared with corresponding behavior of closed bearings. The general case can be solved by using numerical integration similar to that used by S. A. Sheynberg (Gazovaya smazka podshipnikov skol'zheniya. Treniye i iznos o nashinakh, sh. VIII, izd-vo AN SSSR, 1953) for the closed bearing case in which a function of the form This can be done by choosing y for a given 1, determining C (for Card 2/4

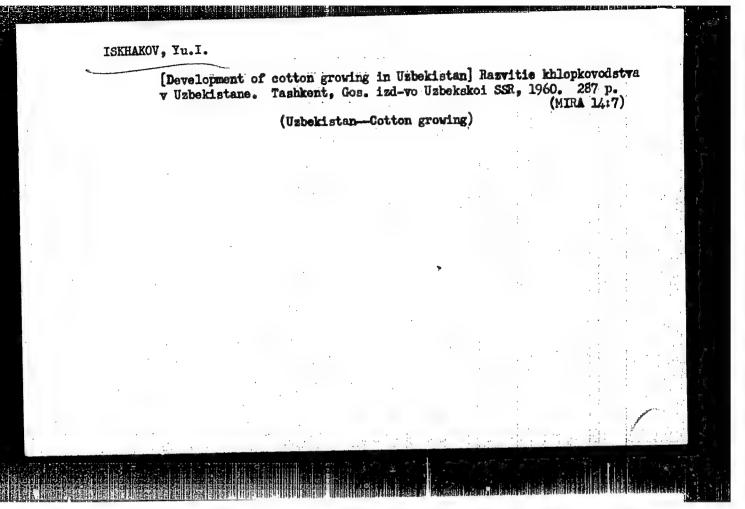






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αſ	1. 39826-66 EVT(a)/SWT(a)/SWP(k)/SWP(v) LIP(e) SOURCE CODE: UR/0097/66/000/001/0042/00/47 ACC NR. AP6020120	
3	AUTHOR: Khaydukov, G. K. (Doctor of technical sciences: Professor); Iskhakov, Is. Sh.	
1	(Engineer) ORG: none	
	TITIE: Model investigation and calculation of smooth rectangular shells of positive gaussian curvature for equilibrium limit	
·	SOURCE: Beton 1 shelezobeton, no. 1, 1966, 42-47	
10	TOPIC TAGS: shell structure, test model, shell deformation, medianical fracture,	30 ° 0
3 2 2	ABSTRACT: 1/6 natural size models plus samples of proposed construction materials to be used in building a gaussian-curvature roof shell were tested, in two main variants. One in which the shell could be load-deformed, another in which steel bracing ants. One in which the shell could be load-deformed, another in which steel bracing prevented this. The investigations demonstrated that the smooth shells of positive prevented this. The investigations demonstrated that the smooth shells of positive gaussian curvature with contour rectangularly deformed in plan were 1:12=1:2.5-1:8, gaussian curvature with contour rectangularly deformed in plan were 1:12=1:2.5-1:8, gaussian curvature with contour rectangularly deformed in plan were 1:12=1:2.5-1:8, gaussian curvature with contour rectangularly deformed. The limiting load	manufacture of the first of the
	a fracture pattern in the form of concentric ellipses, within which is a fracture pattern in the form of concentric ellipses, within which is limiting load its initial elevation and tends to change form, is possible. The limiting equilibrium for the elliptical pattern can be found from the conditions of limiting equilibrium for the elliptical pattern can be found from the conditions of limiting equilibrium on the basis of the deformation state of the shell. The load-bearing capacity of the	
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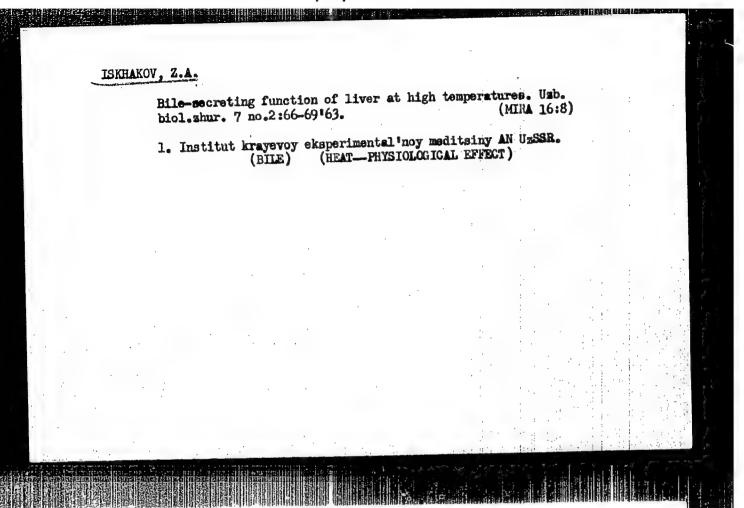
ISKHAKOV, Z. A.

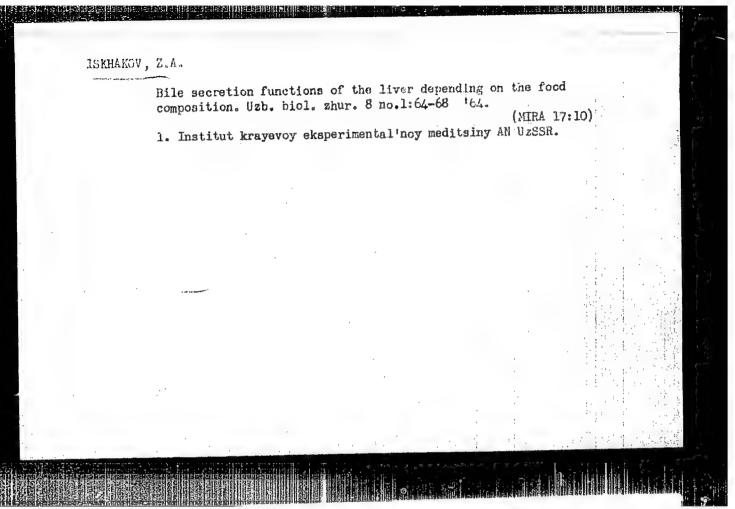
"Investigation of the Digestive Activity of Karakul Sheep Under Desert Conditions." Cand Biol Sci, Inst of Physiology imeni I. P. Pavlov, Acad Sci USSR (Apr-Jun 5h). (Vest Ak Nauk, Nov 5h)

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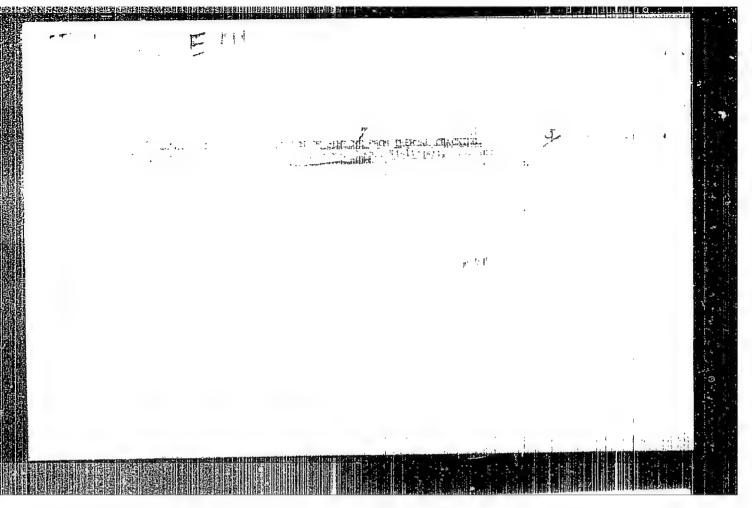


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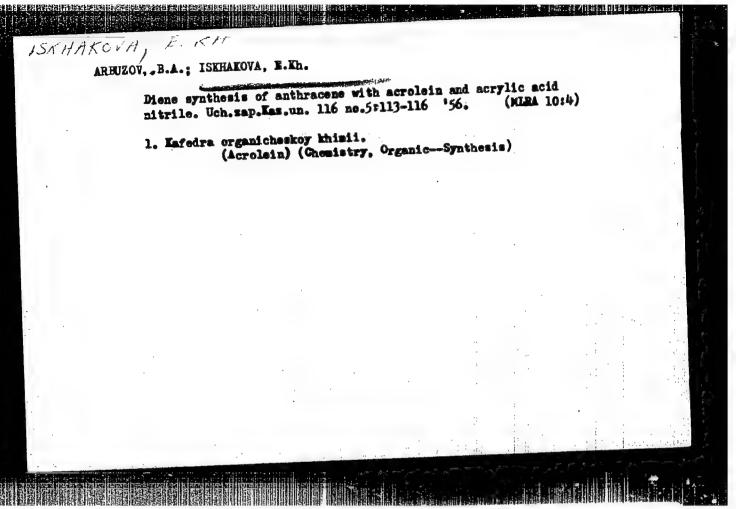
Prevention and treatment of pneumonia in newborns. Med. zhur. Uzb.
(MIRA 15:2)

no.2:29-30 F '60.

1. Iz kafedry fakul'tetskoy pediatrii (zav. - dotsent A.M.Maksudov
[deceased]) Tashkentskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(INFANTS (NEMBORN) __DISEASES)



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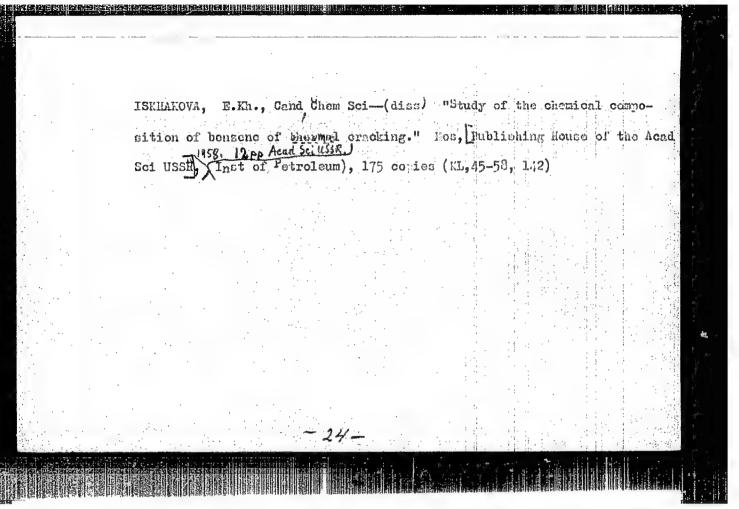
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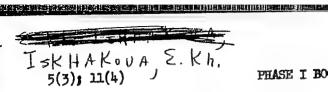
TOPCHIYEV, A.V.; ISKHAKOV, E.Kh.; MUSAYEV, I.A.; GAL'PERN, G.D.

Chromatographic separation of benzene produced by thermal cracking.

Khim. i tekh. topl. i masel no.11:26-33 H '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Institut nefti AH ESSE. (Gazoline-Analysis) (Chromatographic analysis)





PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SCV/2221

Akademiya namk SSSR. Institut nefti

Trudy, t. 12 (Transactions of the Petrolema Institute, USER) Academy of Sciences, Vol 12) Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 395 p. Errata slip inserted. 1,700 copies printed.

Ed.: S. R. Sergiyenko, Professor; Ed. of Publishing House: K. G. Miyesserov; Tech. Ed.: V. V. Golubeva.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for scientists, engineers, and technicisms in the petroleum industry.

COVERAGE: This collection of articles describes the results of studies of the chemistry and technology of petroleum and gas conducted in the laboratories of the Petroleum Institute, Academy of Sciences, USSR, in 1956 and 1957. A new section "Petrochemical Synthesis and Technology of Petroleum" has been included in the collection of articles. A list of investigations published by the associates of the Institute in 1956 and 1957 and a list of dissertations for the Doctor's and Candidate's degrees presented in 1956 and 1957 at open sessions of the Academic Council of the Petroleum Institute, Academy of Sciences, USSR, are given.

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There are 349 references: 199 Soviet, 112 English, 29 German, 6 Franch, and 3 Japanese.	4
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	ute, USSR (Cont.)	50V/2221		
Dubrovay, K. K. (Deceased)			372	
Dissertations presented at sessions of Petroleum Institute, Academy of Scien	of the Academic Council aces, USSR, in 1956 and	of the 1957	375	
Investigations on the chemistry and icarried out at the Petroleum Instituted and published in 1956-1957	technology of petroleum : te, Academy of Sciences,	ussr,		
			376	
Papers not included in the bibliograp	phy of Vol. X of Trudy	Instituta	701	ı
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TOPCHITEV, A.V.; MUSAYEV, I.A.; ISHAKOVA, B.Kh.; KISLINSKIT, A.N.; GAL'PIRE, G.D.

Chemical composition of thermally cracked gasoline. Report no.3: Study of individual aromatic and esturated cyclic hydrocarbons.

Dokl. AN Amerb. SSR. 14 no.4:291-298 '58. (MIRA 11:5) (Gracking process)

AUTHORS:

Topchiyev, A. V., Member, Academy of E SOV/20-120-5-35/67

Sciences, USSR, Musayev, I. A., Iskhakova, Z. Kh., Kislinskiy,

A. N., Gal'pern, G. D.

TITLE:

Unsaturated Hydrocarbons in Thermal Cracking Gasoline (Nepredel !-

nyye uglevodorody benzina termicheskogo krekinga)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol. 120, Nr 5,

pp. 1056 - 1058 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

After a short survey of their own previous papers in the said field (Refs 1-3) the authors communicate their investigation results of the composition of the olefine part of the fraction 60 - 150°. From these fractions 10 narrow fractions were distilled off(Table 1). The molecular weights proved that these 10 fractions may be classified in 4 groups. The fifth fraction on the whole apparently consists of cycloolefines. The authors investigated the intricate group composition of the fractions by means of a combination of the following methods: the sulfuric acid method, the hydro- and dehydrogenation catalysis and the aniline method. The content of cyclopentene hydrocarbons considerably

Card 1/3

exceeds the content of cyclohexene olefines in all fractions, as

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to the applicant along the Nicolaid Co.

Unsaturated Hydrocarbons in Thermal Cracking Gasoline SOY/20-120-5-35/67

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is shown in table 2. The distribution of cyclenes in the fractions was irregular, as, for example the content of cyclenes in the fractions Nr 8 and 10 exceeded the content of elkenes. The proportion of the first amounted in the mentioned fractions to 69 ex 55%, respectively. The fifth fraction contained the greatest amount of cyclenes - 90%. The individual composition of the hydrocarbons was investigated by means of the spectra of the light combination scattering. The methods and the apparatus were the same as in (Ref 1). The final results of the determination of the composition of the hydrocarbon of the unsaturated gasoline part which was isolated from the fraction 60 - 150 of the thermal gasoline cracking are given in table 3. As is shown the aliphatic olefines are on the whole represented by not ramified and only little ramified olefines, whereas the cyclenes belong to the 1and 2-substituted compounds. The not detected diolefines and olefines with quaternary carbon atoms either do not exist in the investigated gasoline or their quantities are outside the range of the spectral analysis. Saturated hydrocarbons were found in none of the fractions. There are 3 tables and 11 references, 7 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

Unsaturated Hydrocarbons in Thermal Cracking Gasoline SOV/20-120-5-35/67
SUBMITTED: February 26, 1958

1. Hydrocarbons—Fractionation 2. Gasoline—Analysis 3. Ethylenes—Analysis 4. Ethylenes—Spectra

Card 3/3

ISKHAKOVA, E. Kh., TOPCHIYEV, A. V., MUSAYEV, I. A., KISLINSKIY, A. M., GALPERIN, G. D.

Report submitted at the Fifth World Petroleum Congress, 30 May - 5 June 1959. New York.

SOV/65-59-7-12/12

Topchiyev, A.V., Musayev, I.A., Iskhakova, E.Kh., AUTHORS:

Sardanashvili, N.M., Kislinskiy, A.N. and Gall pern, G.D.

TITLE: Individual Hydrocarbon Composition of Thermal-Cracking

Petrol (Individual'nyy uglevodorodnyy sostav benzina

termicheskogo krekinga)

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, 1959, Nr 7,

pp 60-64 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the continuation of their previous

work on the individual hydrocarbon compositions of

petrol made by thermal cracking (Refs 1, 2 and 3). They now give data on the composition and properties of the aromatic and naphthene-paraffin 60 - 150 °C fraction

of the petrol. Fractional distillation and a

chromatographic method previously developed (Ref 2)

were used. Thirty individual paraffin hydrocarbons were

detected (twelve quantitatively), 42 naphthenes

(22 quantitatively). The concentration of individual hydrocarbons was irregular. It was shown that analytic

dehydrogenation of the naphthene-paraffin fraction of petrol is accompanied by formation of about 1.5%

Card 1/2 unsaturated hydrocarbons, consisting of olefines and

SOV/65-59-7-12/12

Individual Hydrocarbon Composition of Thermal-Cracking Petrol
cyclo-clefines. M.S. Lentovskaya and N.N. Chekalova
participated in the experimental work.
There are 5 tables and 4 Soviet references.

Card 2/2

USCOMM_DC-61,354

ರಾಜ ೆ	s/020/60/130/06/024/059
5(3), 15(3), AUTHORS:	15(5) Topchivev. A. V., Academician, B011/B015 Topchivev. A. V., Academician, Sardanashvili, N. M.,
AUTHORS.	Kislinskiy, A. N., Gal'pern, G. D.
TITLE:	Investigation of the Individual Hydrocalson Rengines Obtained From the Cracking of High-quality Surakhany
	Petroleum Petroleum Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol 130, Nr 6, pp 1267 - 1269
PERIODICAL:	(USSA)
ABSTRACT:	had investigated by catalytic cracking of fuel oil), and B-12 (obtained by thermal cracking of fuel oil), and fraction), B-2 (obtained by thermal cracking of the petroleum - gas fraction), B-2 (obtained by thermal cracking of the petroleum - gas fraction), B-2 (obtained by thermal cracking of the petroleum - gas fraction), and the petroleum - gas fraction of the gas fraction of the petroleum - gas fraction of t
	oil fraction). In the fraction up to 60, these benzines, in the oil fractions (Table 2) were investigated in these benzines, in the carbons (Table 2) were investigated in these benzines, in the carbons (Table 3) the aromatic hydrocarbons (Table 1). Table 3 the fractions 60-175 the aromatic hydrocarbons up to 60°. The latter contain in
	fractions 60-175 the aromatic fractions up to 60°. The latter contains data of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains data of the fractions up to 30 individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30 individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30 individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 60°. The latter contains a second of the fractions up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 3 benzines up to 30° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 5 benzines up to 60° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 5 benzines up to 60° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 5 benzines up to 60° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of the 60° individual hydrocarbons; e.g. each of 60° individual hydrocarbons
Card 1/3	In Brite ()

Investigation of the Individual Hydrocarbon Com- S/020/60/130/06/024/059 position of Benzines Obtained From the Cracking B011/B015 of High-quality Surakhany Petroleum

2-methyl-pentane 8.6; n-butene (1- and 2-together 6.5). Benzine B-2 contains (in %): n-pentane 25.0; 2-methyl-butane 11.1; 2-methyl-butene-2 7.9; 2-methyl-pentane and 4-methylpentene-1 7.5 each; pentene-1 7.2. Benzine B-11 contains (in %): n-pentane 19.9; 4-methyl-pentene-1 12.0; 2-methyl-butene-2 10.0; pentene-1 7.7; 2-methyl-butane 7.4; cyclopentane 7.2. The influence of the processing method upon benzines from the same raw material is expressed by the different content of indi-vidual hydrocarbons. The fractions up to 60 may well be regarded as a possible raw material for the petroleum-chemical synthesis. Table 1 shows that the total yield in aromatic hydrocarbons from B-12 is twice higher than that from B-11, and five times higher than that from B-2. The most important hydrocarbons are: in B-12: ps-cumene (27% of all aromatic hydrocarbons, 8.2% of the benzine fraction up to 1750); toluene (18 and 5.4%), m-xylene (14 and 2%), ethylbenzene (10 and 3%); in B-11; toluene (30 and 4.6%), benzene (18 and 2.8%), m-xylene (9 and 1.4%), ethylbenzene 9%; in B-2; m-xylene (17 and 1.0%), toluene (14 and 0.94%), ps-cumene (13

Card 2/3

S/062/61/000/001/008/016 B101/B220

AUTHORS:

Topchiyev. A. V., Musayev, I. A., Iskhakova, E. Kh.,

and Sardanashvili, N. M.

TITLE:

Chemical composition of benzines produced by cracking of naphthene raw substance. Communication 1. Comprehensive method of investigating the detailed chemical group com-

position of oracking bensines.

PERIODICAL:

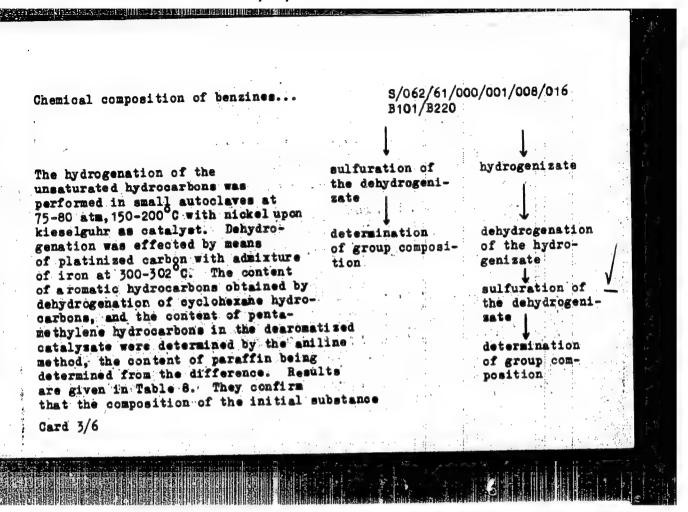
Izvestiya kademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk,

no. 1, 1961, 94-102

The aim of the authors was to find new raw material sources for the petrochemical synthesis. The present publication is a study of the effect of the chemical composition of the cracking material upon composition and structure of the products obtained by thermal or catalytic cracking. A previous article dealt with the chromatographic separation of cracking benzines into naphthene paraffins, unsaturated and aromatic hydrocarbons. In the present work this method has been combined with catalytic hydrogenation and with the aniline method. Specimens obtained by thermal and

Card 1/6

s/062/61/000/001/008/016 Chemical composition of benzines B10:/B220 catalytic cracking of Surakhan petroleum served as initial products: 1) Benzine 5-12 (B-12) obtained by catalytic cracking of the kerosenegasoil fraction (235-360°C) on an aluminum silicate catalyst at 460°C; 2) benzine 5-2 (B-2) obtained by thermal cracking of mazut (boiling point above 360°C) at 515°C and 38-40 atm; 3) benzine 5-11 (B-11) obtained by thermal cracking of the kerosene-gasoil fraction at 515°C, 40 atm. The scheme of the process is presented: benzine distillate separation into narrower fraction of up to 60°C 122-150°C 60-95°C 150-17 separation into chromatographic separation into narrower aromatic fractions whose composiunsaturated naphthene tion is studied by means paraffins of Raman scattering hydrogenation anelysis dehydrogenation by means of Raman scattering Card 2/6



Chemical composition of benzines...

S/062/61/000/001/008/016 B101/B220

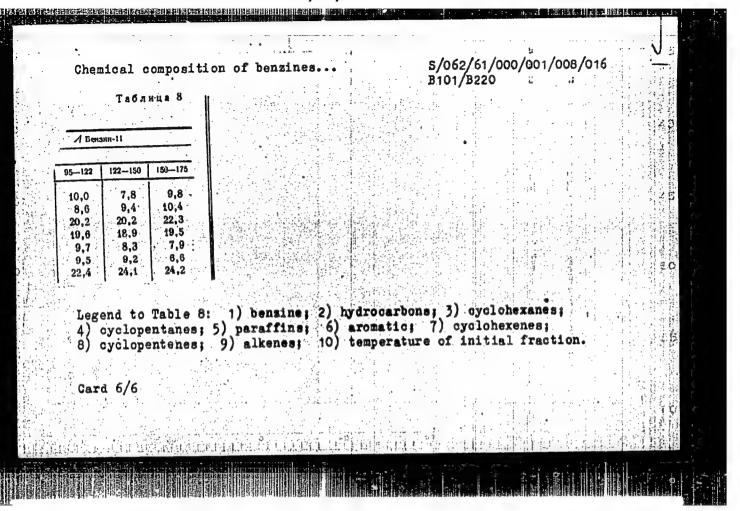
and the method of its treatment affected the composition of the benzine obtained. T. N. Buturlova cooperated. G. D. Gal'pern and P. S. Maslov are mentioned. There are 8 tables and 11 references: 9 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc.

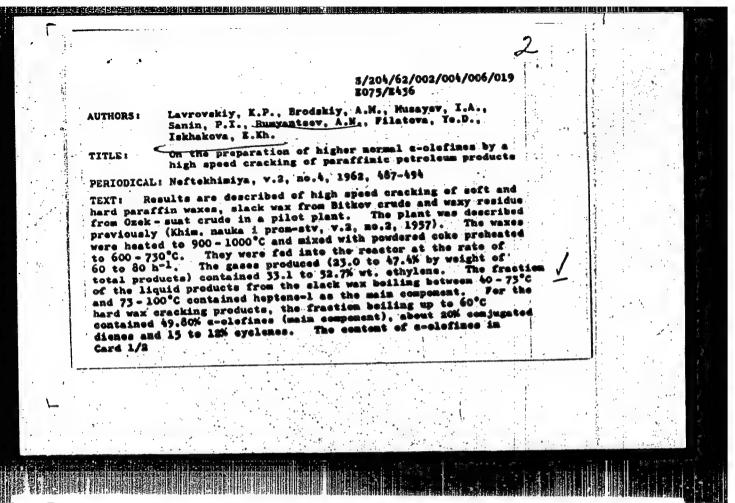
ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis, Academy of Sciences USSR)

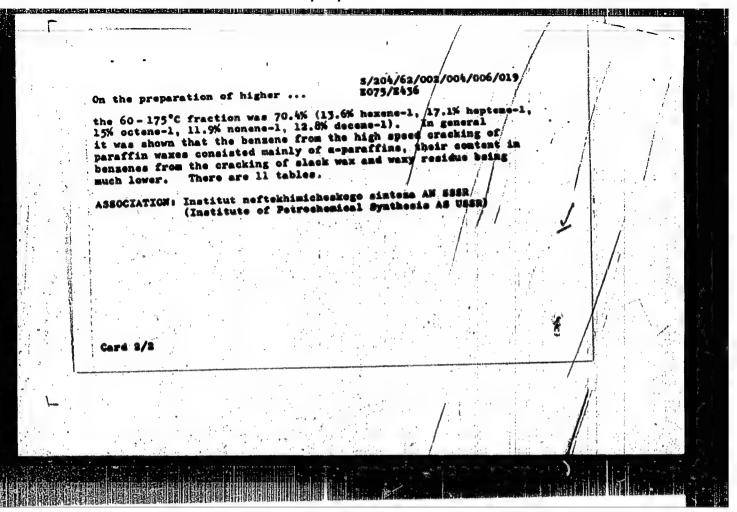
SUBMITTED: August 5, 1959

Card 4/6

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Card 5/6										







EPF(c)/EWT(n)/T Pr-4 1, 36473-65 UR/0204/64/004/004/0567/0571 ACCESSION NR: AP5010003 AUTHOR: Musayev, I. A.; Iskhakova, E. Kh.; Kumyantsev, A. N.; Kislinskiy, A. N. Sanin, P. I. TITLE: Investigation of elefins contained in gasolines of high-velocity cranking of paraffin petroleum products SOURCE: Neftekhimiya, v. 4, no. 4, 1964, 567-571 TOPIC TAGS: hydrocarbon, gasoline, paraffin war, petrolaum, petrolaum refining petroleum refinery product Abstract: The individual and group hydrocarbon compositions of Fractions boiling up to 60° and the gasolines (60-1759) of high-velocity dracking of soft paraffin of sulfur petroleums and Ozek-Sustakiy magut was studied. The gracine (60-175) obtained from soft paraffin contained 74% eletins of normal structure, while the gasoline from Ozek-Suatskiy masut contained 34% of such olefins. The light fractions (up to 60°) had a high content of alpha-olefins. Concentrates of alpha-olefins were isolated by chromatography on silica gel; distillation of the concentrates on a column with an efficiency, of 45 theoretical plates gave a distinct fractionation of the Co-Cio alpha-olefins. High-velocity cracking of paraffin products thus was found Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP5010003 to be a promising method of producing alpha-olefins. Orig. art. has 5 graphs and 4 tables.								
ASSOCIATION: Institut ne: (Institute of Petrochemica	ftekhimicheskogo sinteza 21 Synthesis, AN SSSR)	im. A. V. T	opakiyeva A	N SSSU				
SUBMITTED; 19Nov63	EXCL: 00	SUB C	OLE: FP, GC					
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MUSAYEV, I.A.; ISKHAKOVA, E.Kh.; RUMYANTSEV, A.N.; KISLINSKIR, A.N.; SANIN, P.I., Prinimali uchastiye: Buturlova, T.N., starshiy laborant; LENTOVSKATA, M.S., starshiy laborant; ARTAMONOVA, R.A., starshiy laborant

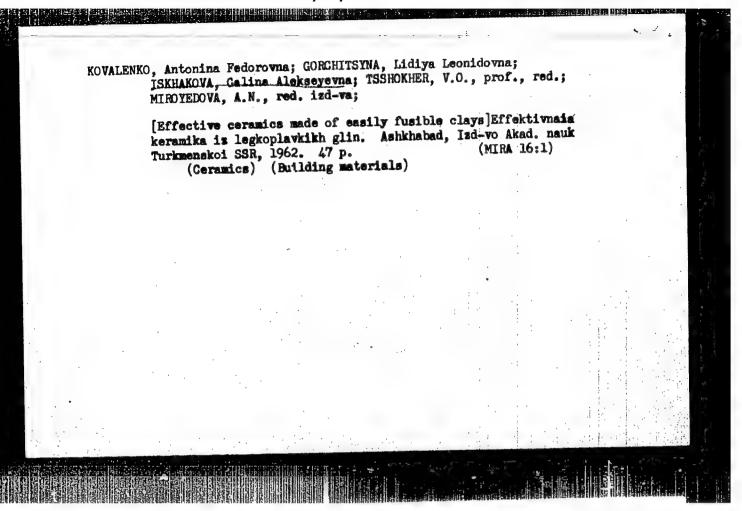
Investigating olefins in gasolines from the high-speed cracking of paraffin petroleum products. Neftekhimia 4 no.4:567-571 Jl-Ag 164 (MIRA 17:10)

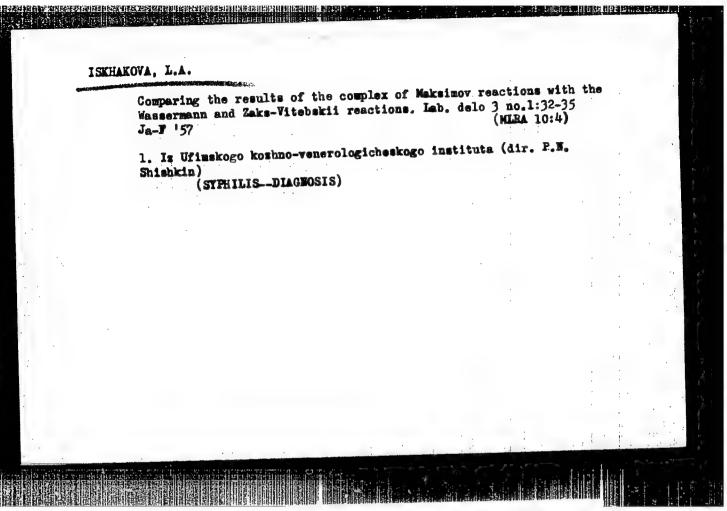
1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza im. A.V. Topchiyeva AN SSSR.

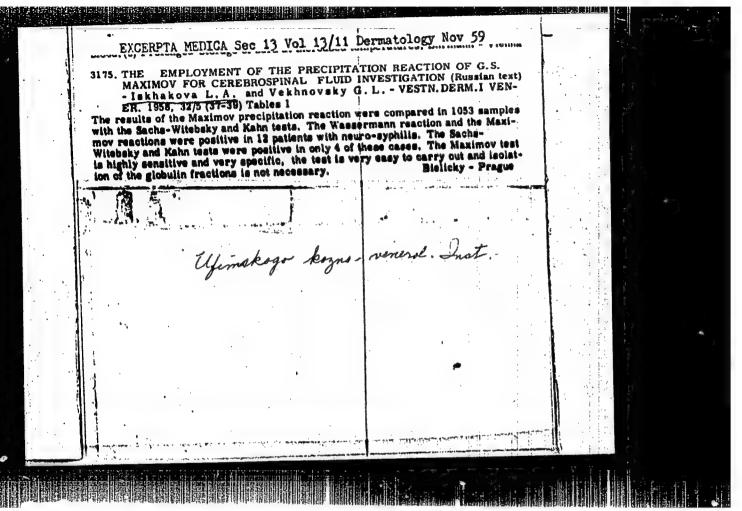
KARAVAYEV, N.M., otv. red.; ISKHAKOVA, E.Kh., red., red.

[Chemical processing of fuels; chemistry and technology] Khimicheskaia pererabotka topliv; khimiia i tekhnologiia. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 277 p. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Moscow. Institut goryuchikh iskopayemykh. 2. Chlenkorrespondent AN SSSR (for Karavayev).



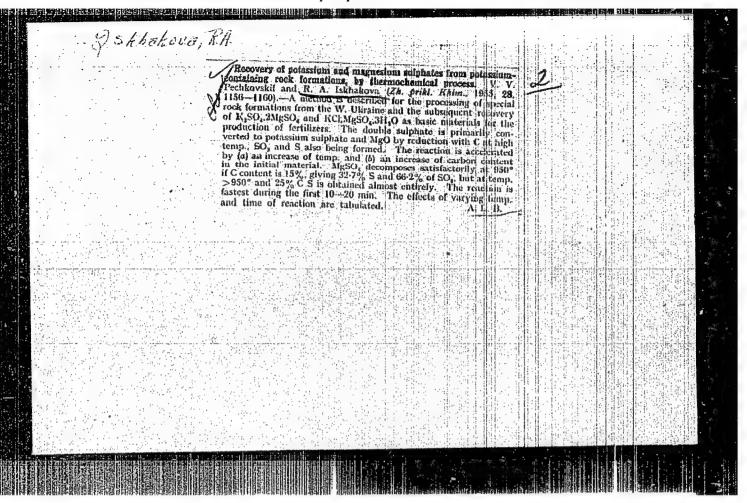




AKHUNBAYEVA, B.O.; ISKHAKOVA, N.A.

Fructosans of wheat grain. Biokhimiia 26 no. 1:57-60 Ja-F '61.
(MIRA 14:2)

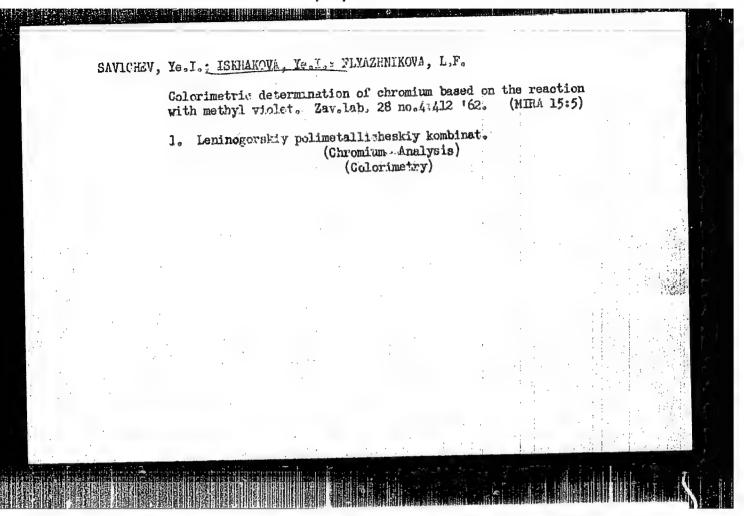
1. Institute of Botany, Academy of Sciences of the Kirgiz S.S.R.,
Frunze.
(FRUCTOSANS) (WHEAT)



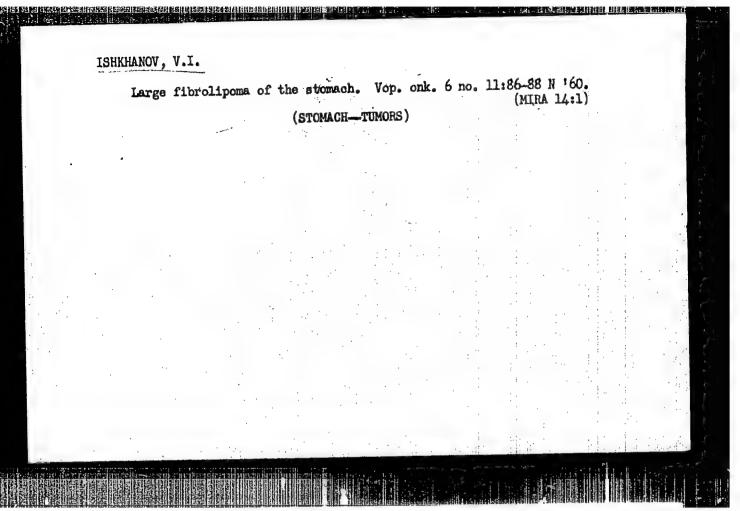
KUI YGIN, G.V.; ISKHAKOVA, S.B.; SEMENOV, V.A.

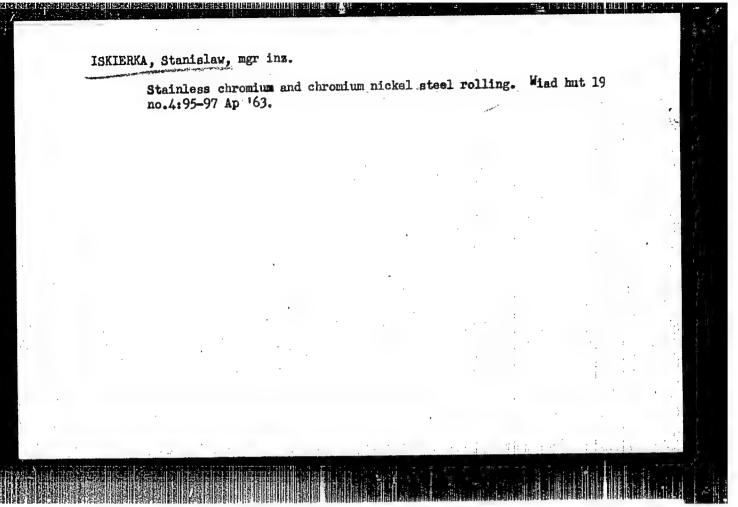
Immunotherapy in experimental intestinal obstruction. Eksper. khiz.
i anest. 9 no.2:51 Mr-Ap *64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra patofiziologii (zav. - prof. T.I. Beslekoyev) Yaroslavakogo meditsinskogo instituta.

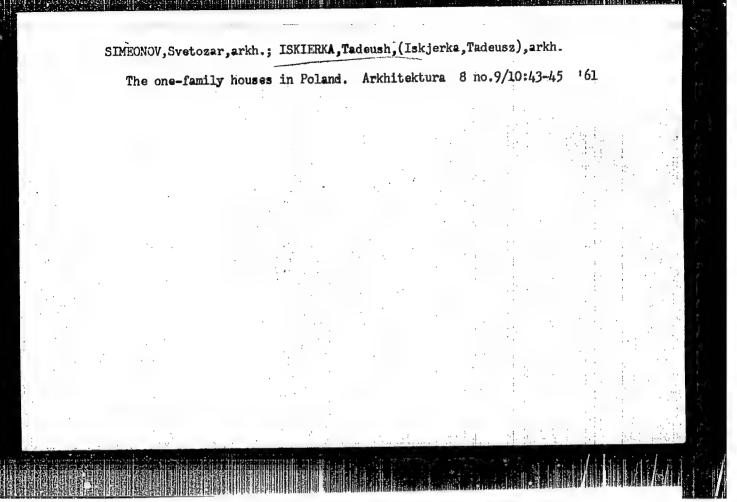


ISKHANOV, R. S., Candidate Phys-Math Sci (diss) -- "Differential marginal problems of the theory of functions of a complex variable". Tbilisi, 1959, published by the Acad Sci Georgian SSR. 10 pp (Acad Sci Georgian SSR. Tbilisi Math Inst im A. M. Razmadze and Computer Center), 150 copies (KL, No 23, 1959, 160)





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ISKIERRO, Barbara; ISKIERRO, Jerzy; KOLODZIEJCZYK, Maria; BICEWICZ, Bina

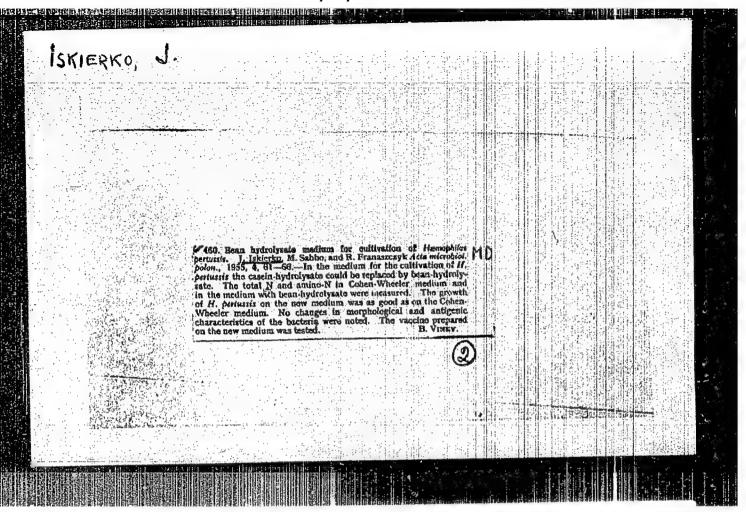
Blood as a source for culture medium for production of Gorynebacterium
diphtheriae toxin. Med. dosw. mikrob. 7 no.1:65-70 1955.

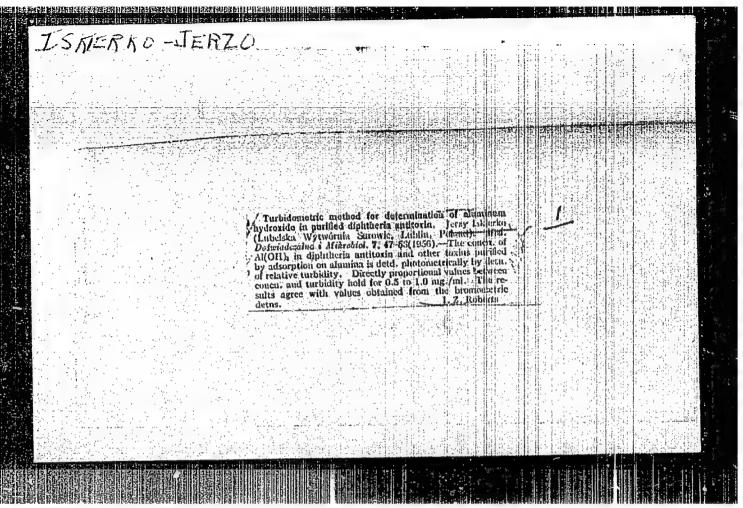
1. Z Lubelskiej Wytworni Surowic i Succeptonek.

(GULTURM MEDIA,
blood for Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin prod.)

(OONYDHAGTRIM DIPHTHEMIA),
toxin, prod. on blood culture medium)

(BLOOD,
culture medium for Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin prod.)





ISKIERKO, Barbara; ISKIERKO, Jerzy; KOLODZIEJCZYK, Maria; NICEWICZ, Hins.

Blood as a source for culture medium for production of Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin. Med. dow. mikrob. 7 no.1:65-70 1955.

1. Z Labelskiej Sytvorni Surovic i Szczepionek.

(CULTAUEZ MEDIA,
blood for Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin prod.)

(OCCYMENACTERIUM DIPHTMEDIA,
toxin, prod. on blood culture medium)

(BLOOD,
culture medium for Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin prod.)

ISKI ERKO, Jerzy

Studies on amino acid composition of Linggood's medium and on toxic and detoxicated filtrates of Corynebacterium diphtheriae cultures by paper partition chromatography. Med. dosw. mikrob. 8 no.4:455-462 1956.

1. Z Lubelskiej Wytworni Surowic i Szczepionek Kierownik: Wl. Nicewicz i z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Wydz. Lek. A.M. w Lublinie, Kierownik: prof. dr. I. Krzeczkowska.

(CORYNERACTERIUM DIPHTHERIAE, culture, in Linggood's medium, chromatography of amino acids in medium & toxic & detoxicated filtrates (Pol))

(AMINO ACIDS, determination,

in Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxic & detoxicated filtrates & Linggood's medium (Pol))

ISKIERKO, Jersy

New methods of quantitative determination of protein in blood serum with infrared radiators. Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.21:576-680 23 My '55.

1. Z Lubelskiej Wytworni Surowie i Szczepionek; kier.: dr W.
Mirkowski i z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Akademii Medycznej w Lublinie;
kier.: dr. J.Krzeczkowska) Lublin, u. Glowackiego 15 m. 1.

(BLOOD PROTEINS, determination
quantitative, use of infrared radiators, new method)

ISKIERKO. Jersy

Determination of amino acids in immunologically active proteins isolated from concentrated and purified diphtheria anatoxin by partition paper chromatography. Med. dosw. mikrob. 9 no.1:69-

73 1957.

Z Lubelskiej Wytwormi Surowic i Szczepionek dr. W. Bicewics.
 Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej A.M. w Lublinie dr. I. Krzeczkowska.
 (DIPHTHERIA

anatoxin, determ. of amino acid composition of constituent proteins by chromatography (Pol)) (AMIEO ACIDS, determ.

in proteins of diphtheria anatoxin, chromatography (Pol))

5KERKO POLAND / Microbiology. General Microbiology.

F-1

Abs Jur : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 8, 1958, No 33688

Author Inst

: Yskerko . Not given

Title

: Free Aminoacids Liberated by the Brazilian Strain of

BCG Moreau.

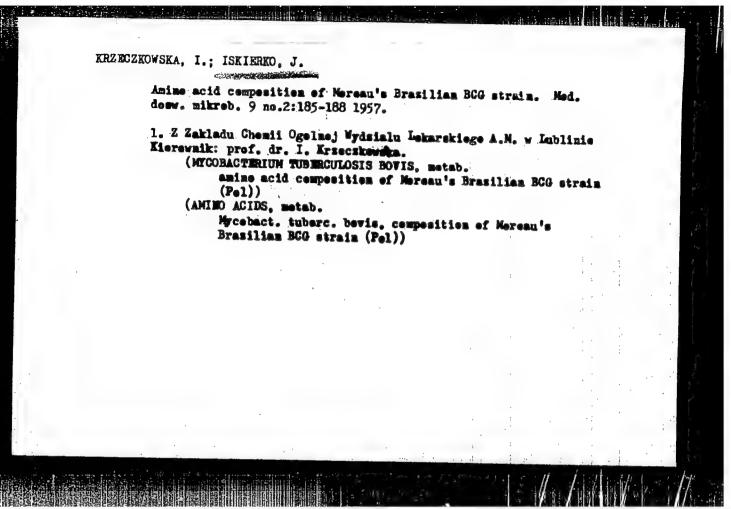
Orig Pub : Med. doswiad. i. mikrobiol., 1957, 9, No 2, 179-184

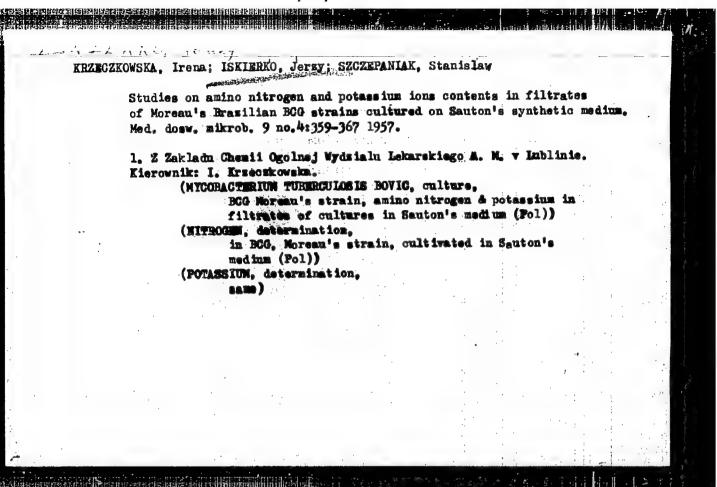
Abstract : Pacteria of the Brazilian strain BCG grown on Sotton's medium with asparagine and traces of ammonium ions liberate free aminoacids and adsorb them on their surface. Thirteen aminoacids synthesized by these bacteria

were identified.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618830011-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001





ISKIERKO, Jerzy

Utilisation of inorganic nitrogen by Morean's Brazilian BCG strains in synthesis of free amino acids. Med. dosw. mikrob. 9 no.41369-374 1957.

l. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Wydsialu Lekarskiego A. M. w Lubline. Kierownik: prof. I. Krsecskowska.

(MYGORAGTERIUM TURERCULOSIS HOVIS, metabolism, BCG Morean's Brazilian strain, utilisation of inorganic nitrogen in synthesis of amino acids (Pol))

(NITHOGEN, metabolism, BCG Norean's Brazilian strain, in synthesis of amino acids (Pol))

(AMINO ACIDS, metabolism, BCG Morean's Brazilian strain, incorporation of inorganic nitrogen in synthesis (Pol))

ISKIMRKO, Jerzy

Culture media with ammonium salts for growth of BCG cultures. Ned. dosw. mikrob. 10 no.2:263-268 1958.

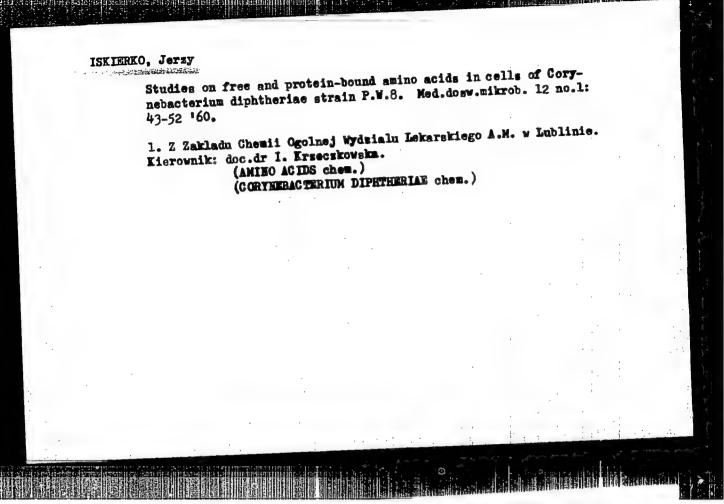
1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Wydzialu Lekarskiego A. M. w Imblinie Kierownik Zakladn: prof. dr I. Krzeczkowska. (MYGOBACTERIUM TURMECULOBIS BOVIS, culture, BCG, on media containing ammonium salts (Pol)) (AMONIUM. COMPOUNDS

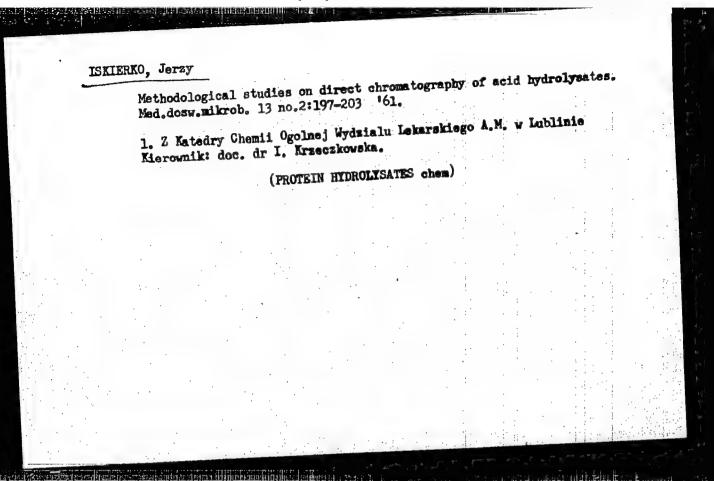
in BGG culture media (Pol))

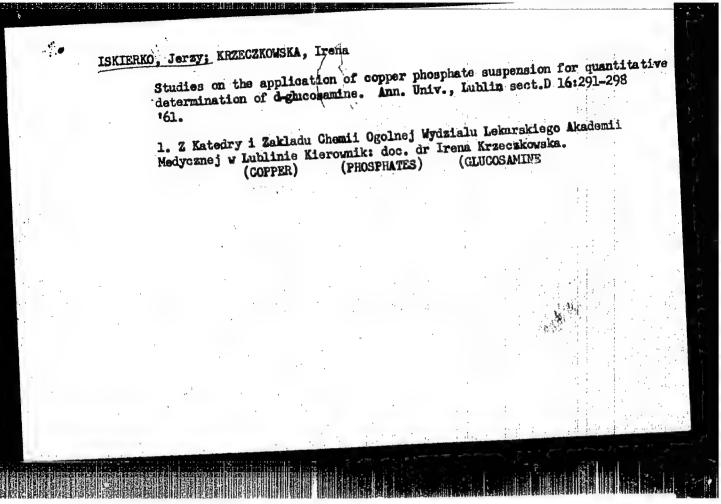
ISKIERKO, Jerzy

Direct paper chromatography of acid protein hydrolysates. Med. dosw. mikrob. 11 no.1:63-69 1959.

1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Sydzialu Lekarskiego A. M. w Imblinie Kierownik Zakladu: dr I. Krzeczkowska. (AMINO ACID MIXTURES. repeat title (Pol))







ISKIERKO, Jerzy

Free and bound amino acids in some organs in tissues of Potamobius astacus and Potamobius laptodactylus. Acta physiol. polon. 13 no.3: 455-461 *62.

1. Z Katedry Chemii Ogolnej Wydzialu Lekarskiego AM w Lublinie Kierownik: doc. dr. I. Krzecakowska.

(AMINO ACIDS metab) (GRUSTACEA metab)

ISKIERKO J.

POLAND

Jerzy ISWIEDKO, Department of General Chemistry, Medical Faculty (Zaklad Chemii Ogolnej Wydzialu Leksrskiego,) Lublin.

"The Protein Fractions of Purified Concentrated Diphtheria Toxoid."

Warsaw, Medycyna Doswiedczalna i Mikrobiologia, Vol 14, No 4, 1962; pp 323-329.

Abstract /English summary modified/: Study of diphtheris toxin with description of amino-acid composition of four fractions: fraction 1 adsorbable on active A1(OH)3, possessing characteristic protein proclpitable at iso-electric point pl 4.1 to 4.3, containing amino-acids specific for highly purified toxin or toxoid. Fraction 3 glycopeptide, Cellophane-dialyzable, probably cell-well decomposition product. Suggest toxoid contains unspecific protains, i.e. vaccine insufficiently purified. Two tables, 9 Polish, 1 Soviet and 11 Western references.

1/1

POLAND

ISKIERKO, Jerzy, Chair and Department of General Chemistry (Katedra 1 Zaklad Chemii Ogolnej), Medical Faculty (Wydzial Lekarski), AM [Akademia Medyczna, Medical Academy], Lublin

"Studies on the Surface and Chemical Structures of Diphtheria Toxin and Toxold. I. Binding of Cu⁺⁺ Ions by Pulverized, Purified, and Lyophilized Diphtheria Toxin and Toxoid."

warsaw, Medycyna Doswiadczalna i Mikrobiologia, Vol 15, No 3, 63. pp 199-206

Abstract: [Author's English summary] Diphtheria toxin and toxoid showed the same capacity for binding Cu++ ions, as determined by polarographic, colorimetric, and iodometric methods, and the formaldehyde does apparently not block the lone nitrogen electron pairs in the amino groups of the toxin. The author calculated the number of amino groups present on the surface of a toxin particle from the amount of Cu fixed by one mole of the toxin (molar weight 72,000), as well as the percentage of nitrogen participating in binding the Cu ions. 32 references: 3 Polish and the other Western.

1/1

Chemical structure of diphterial toxin and toxoid. Parts 2 - 4. Med. dosw. mikrobiol. 17 no.3:217-232 '65.

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1. Z Katedry i Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej AM w Lublinie (Kierownik: doc. dr. I. Krzeczkowska).

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SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS

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AUTHOR TITLE

ISKIN, I.P., KAGANER, M.G.

The Investigation of the Thermodynamic Properties of Air and

Nitrogen at Low Temperatures under Pressure.

I. The Determination of the Isothermal Throttle Effect of Ain

and Nitrogen.

PERIODICAL

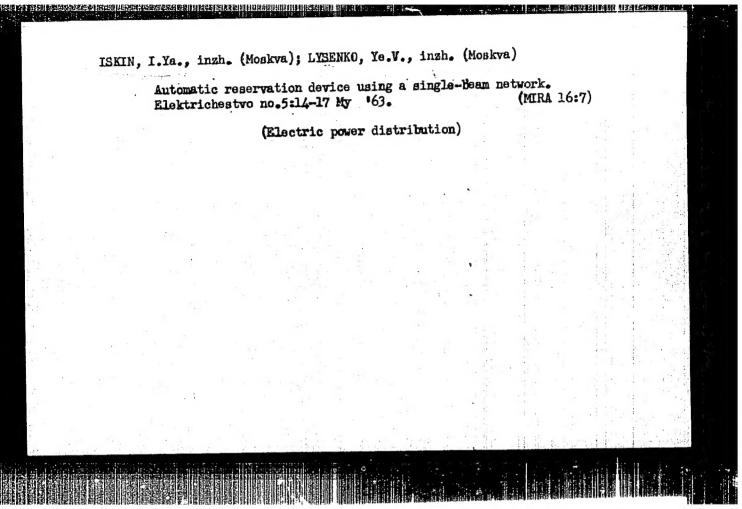
Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc. 10, 2329-2337 (1956)

Issued: 11 / 1956

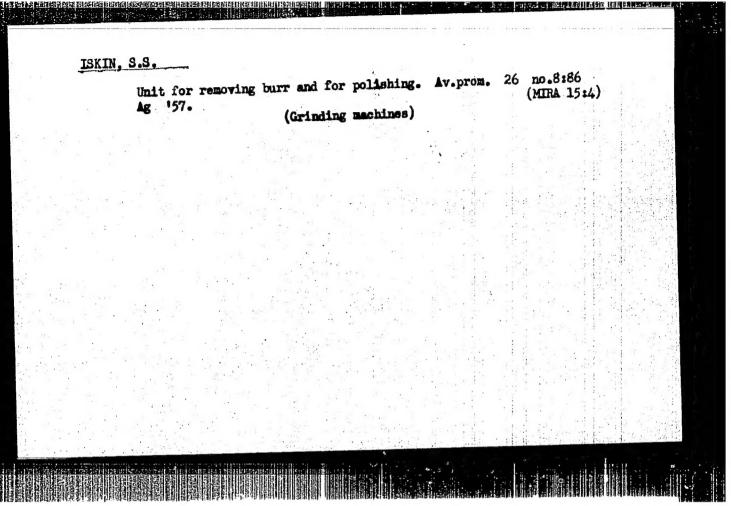
The present work aims at determining experimental data concerning these thermodynamic properties and the construction of new and accurate state diagrams of these gases with the help of the isothermal throttle effect. On this occasion the lateral heat transfer of the gas to the surrounding medium is practically fully eliminated and at a low gas consumption and a smaller apparatus greater accuracy is obtained, and, besides, computation of entalphy is made easier.

At first the experimental order is described. Together with the determination of temperature in the kryostat, the flow of the gas to be investigated is sent through the calorimeter. Pressure and gas consumption as well as pressure drop were controlled by means of regulating valves (at the in- and output of the calorimeter), and by means of a throttle walve.

Experimental results are shown in tables. The isothermal throttle effect of air and nitrogen was measured within the temperature range of from +30° to - 183° C and at pressures of from 1,5 to 50 atm. According to experimental data the iso-



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PATALAKHA, G.B.; KURBANAYEV, M.S.; IS'KIV, B.M.

Comparison of some methods of the statistical processing of apectral analysis in geochemical studies. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR Ser. geol. 22 no. 6:69-74 N-D *65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk imeni K.I. Satpayeva, Alma-Ata, i Kazakhskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo instituta razvedochnoy geofiziki, Alma-Ata.

LATSINIK, Ye.Ya., prof.; SUSHKO, S.R.; FILOHOVSKAYA, M.G.; ISKOL'D, G.Z. (Odessa)

Diagnosis and clinical aspects of salmonellosis caused by
Heidelberg and London bacteria. Vrach.delo no.2:143-147

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1. Gorodskaya infektsionnaya bol'nitsa.
(SALMONILLA)